# Landscape-Level Policy and Planning









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### Introduction



- Policy and planning that takes into account the broader natural landscape
- Encourages collaboration on natural resource issues beyond political boundaries

### • Why is it Important?

- Ecosystem boundaries often do not align with jurisdictional boarders
- Addresses landscape-level issues in an efficient and effective way

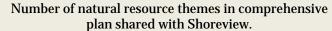
## Methods

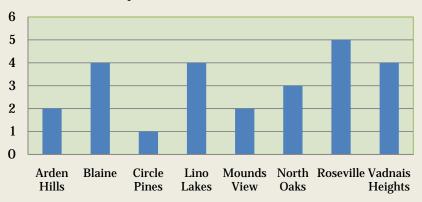
- Interviews
  - City staff
  - Watershed organization staff
  - County staff
- Document review
  - City codes
  - Comprehensive plans



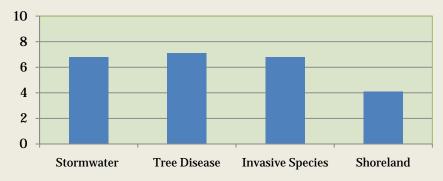
## **Findings**

- Cities share natural resource goals
- Some successful collaboration exists
- Ordinances vary greatly on some issues
- Willingness to collaborate exists





Average willingness to collaborate on management areas based on staff interviews (Ten being most willing, one being not willing)



### Recommendations

#### <u>Step 1:</u>

Initiate collaboration on one issue and use success to build relationships.

#### <u>Step 2:</u>

Utilize
relationships to
collaborate on
another issue.
Expand and
fortify
relationships.

#### <u>Step 3:</u>

Extend the scope of collaboration.
Use watershed organizations as a resource for further collaboration.

#### **Step 4 and Beyond:**

Maintain collaborative efforts with annual workshops. Address future challenges and enhance opportunities to address landscape level issues.

Relationships

Relationships

Relationships

# **Step 1:** Focus initially on a current topic of interest having clear benefits from collaboration such as deer management.



Achieve collaborative success early

- oWhy deer?
  - **ONuisance**
  - oSafety hazard
  - Interest in surrounding communities
  - Clear benefit to collaboration

# **Step 2:** Utilize relationships initiated in deer management efforts to address other landscapelevel issues while expanding and fortifying relationships.



- Tree disease and pest management
- Work to standardize removal policies across the landscape
- Plan for sharing resources and reporting

# **Step 3:** Expand work with watershed organizations to further collaboration with surrounding communities.



- Nutrient runoff regulations vary greatly among cities
- Work with watershed organizations to promote municipal best management practices across watersheds

# **Step 4:** Maintain collaborative efforts toward landscape-level planning by holding annual workshops to continue relationships for future challenges.

- Forum to promote collaboration and information sharing among city staff and decision makers
- Incentive for attendance
  - Cost-sharing and resource-pooling
  - Relevant grant information
  - Continuing education units



# Questions?









